# 3. Amendment to Ordinance V (2) & VII. [E.C Res. 15-6 dated 31.08.2021]

## **BIOCHEMISTRY**

## Course of UG MBBS Graduate in First Semester

Main Topic	Competencies (Theory)
Basic Biochemistry	Describe the molecular and functional organization of a cell and its sub cellular components
Enzymes	<ol> <li>Explain fundamental concepts of enzyme, isoenzyme, alloenzyme, coenzyme &amp; co-factors. Enumerate the main classes of IUBMB nomenclature</li> <li>Describe and explain the basic principles of enzyme activity</li> <li>Describe and discuss enzyme inhibitors as poisons and drugs and as therapeutic enzymes</li> <li>Describe and discuss the clinical utility of various serum enzymes as markers of pathological conditions.</li> <li>Discuss use of enzymes in laboratory investigations (Enzyme-based assays)</li> </ol>
Chemistry and metabolism of carbohydrates	<ol> <li>Discuss and differentiate monosaccharides, di-saccharides and polysaccharides giving examples of main carbohydrates as energy fuel, structural element and storage in the human body</li> <li>Describe the processes involved in digestion and assimilation of carbohydrates and storage.</li> <li>Define and differentiate the pathways of carbohydrate metabolism (glycolysis, gluconeogenesis, glycogen metabolism, HMP shunt).</li> <li>Describe and discuss the regulation, functions and integration of Carbohydrate along with associated diseases/disorders.</li> <li>Describe and discuss the concept of TCA cycle as a amphibolic pathway and its regulation</li> <li>Describe the common poisons that inhibit crucial enzymes of carbohydrate metabolism (eg; fluoride, arsenate)</li> <li>Discuss and interpret laboratory results of analytes associated with metabolism of carbohydrates.</li> <li>Discuss the mechanism and significance of blood glucose regulation in health and disease.</li> <li>Interpret the results of blood glucose levels and other laboratory investigations related to disorders of carbohydrate metabolism.</li> <li>Discuss the metabolic processes that take place in specific organs in the body in the fed and fasting states.</li> </ol>



Chemistry and metabolism of lipids	<ol> <li>Describe and discuss main classes of lipids (Essential/non-essential fatty acids, cholesterol and hormonal steroids, triglycerides, major phospholipids and sphingolipids) relevant to human system and their major functions.</li> <li>Describe the processes involved in digestion and absorption of dietary lipids and also the key features of their metabolism</li> <li>Explain the regulation of lipoprotein metabolism &amp; associated disorders.</li> <li>Describe the structure and functions of lipoproteins, their functions, Interrelations &amp; relations with atherosclerosis</li> <li>Interpret laboratory results of analytes associated with metabolism of lipids</li> <li>Describe the therapeutic uses of prostaglandins and inhibitors of eicosanoid synthesis.</li> </ol>
Chemistry and metabolism of proteins	<ol> <li>Describe and discuss structural organization of proteins.</li> <li>Describe and discuss functions of proteins and structure-function relationships in relevant areas eg, hemoglobin and selected hemoglobinopathies</li> <li>Describe the digestion and absorption of dietary proteins.</li> <li>Describe common disorders associated with protein metabolism</li> <li>Interpret laboratory results of analytes associated with metabolism of proteins</li> </ol>
Chemistry and metabolism of nucleotides	<ol> <li>Describe and discuss the metabolic processes in which nucleotides are involved.</li> <li>Describe the common disorders associated with nucleotide metabolism.</li> <li>Discuss the laboratory results of analytes associated with gout &amp; Lesch Nyhan syndrome</li> </ol>
Biochemical role of Vitamins and Minerals	<ol> <li>Describe the biochemical role of vitamins in the body and explain the manifestations of their deficiency</li> <li>Describe the functions of various minerals in the body, their metabolism and homeostasis.</li> <li>Enumerate and describe the disorders associated with mineral metabolism</li> </ol>
Biological oxidation and ATP generation	Describe the biochemical processes involved in generation of energy in cells.
Water, electrolyte, pH and buffers	<ol> <li>Describe the processes involved in maintenance of normal pH, water &amp; electrolyte balance of body fluids and the derangements associated with these.</li> <li>Discuss and interpret results of Arterial Blood Gas (ABG) analysis in various disorders.</li> </ol>
Heme chemistry and Metabolism	<ol> <li>Describe the functions of heme in the body and describe the processes involved in its metabolism and describe porphyrin metabolism.</li> <li>Describe the major types of haemoglobin and its derivatives found in the body and their physiological/ pathological relevance.</li> </ol>
Biochemical	1. Describe the functions of the kidney, liver, thyroid and adrenal glands



functions and tests of Kidney, Liver, Adrenals, Thyroid	<ol> <li>Describe the tests that are commonly done in clinical practice to assess the functions of these organs (kidney, liver, thyroid and adrenal glands).</li> <li>Describe the abnormalities of kidney, liver, thyroid and adrenal glands</li> </ol>
Molecular	<ol> <li>Describe the structure and functions of DNA and RNA and outline the cell cycle</li> <li>Describe the processes involved in replication &amp; repair of DNA and the transcription &amp; translation mechanisms</li> <li>Describe gene mutations and basic mechanism of regulation of gene expression.</li> <li>Describe applications of molecular technologies like recombinant DNA technology, PCR in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases with genetic basis.</li> </ol>
Xenobiotics	Describe the role of xenobiotics in disease.
Anti-oxidants, Free radicals and anti oxidative stress	<ol> <li>Describe the anti-oxidant defence systems in the body</li> <li>Describe the role of oxidative stress in the pathogenesis of conditions such as cancer, complications of diabetes mellitus and atherosclerosis.</li> </ol>
Diet, Nutrition	<ol> <li>Discuss the importance of various dietary components and explain importance of dietary fibre.</li> <li>Describe the types and causes of protein energy malnutrition and its effects.</li> <li>Provide dietary advice for optimal health in childhood and adult, in disease conditions like diabetes mellitus, coronary artery disease and in pregnancy.</li> <li>Describe the causes (including dietary habits), effects and health risks associated with being overweight/ obese.</li> <li>Summarize the nutritional importance of commonly used items of food including fruits and vegetables (macro-molecules and its importance)</li> </ol>
ECM and glycoproteins	<ol> <li>List the functions and components of the extracellular matrix (ECM).</li> <li>Discuss the involvement of ECM components in health and disease.</li> </ol>
Protein Targetting	Describe protein targeting and sorting along with its associated disorders.
Cancer and Apoptosis	<ol> <li>Describe the cancer initiation, promotion oncogenes &amp; oncogene activation. Also focus on p53 &amp; apoptosis.</li> <li>Describe various biochemical tumor markers and the biochemical basis of cancer therapy.</li> </ol>
Immunology	<ol> <li>Describe the cellular and humoral components of the immune system &amp; describe the types and structure of antibody.</li> <li>Describe &amp; discuss innate and adaptive immune responses, self/non-self-recognition and the central role of T-helper cells in immune responses.</li> <li>Describe antigens and concepts involved in vaccine development.</li> </ol>

Course of UG MBBS Graduate in First Semester Biochemistry Curriculum (Practical)



Demonstrations

Describe commonly used laboratory apparatus and equipments, good safe laboratory practice and waste disposal.

Describe the preparation of buffers and estimation of pH.

Describe the chemical components of normal urine

Describe screening of urine for inborn errors & describe the use of paper chromatography

Describe the principles of Colorimetry

Demonstrate the estimation of serum total Cholesterol and HDL Cholesterol

Demonstrate the estimation of Triglycerides

Demonstrate the estimation of Calcium and Phosphorus

Demonstrate the estimation of SGOT/ SGPT

Demonstrate the estimation of Alkaline phosphatase

Describe & discuss the composition of CSF.

Observe use of commonly used equipments/techniques in biochemistry laboratory including: pH meter

Paper chromatography of amino acid

Protein electrophoresis

TLC, PAGE

Electrolyte analysis by ISE

**ELISA** 

Immunodiffusion

Autoanalyser

Quality control

DNA isolation from blood/ tissue

#### Problem based learning

Explain the basis and rationale of biochemical tests done in the following conditions:

- diabetes mellitus,
- dyslipidemia,
- myocardial infarction,
- renal failure, gout,
- proteinuria,
- nephrotic syndrome,
- edema,
- jaundice,
- liver diseases, pancreatitis, disorders of acid- base balance, thyroid disorders

## Combined in Lecture content

Calculate energy content of different food Items, identify food items with high and low glycemic index and explain the importance of these in the Enumerate advantages and/or disadvantages of use of unsaturated, saturated and trans fats in food.

Practical

Identify abnormal constituents in urine, interpret the findings and correlate these with



pathological states.

Demonstrate estimation of glucose.

Demonstrate estimation of Albumin. Calculate albumin: globulin (AG) ratio

Demonstrate the estimation of serum creatinine and creatinine clearance

Demonstrate the estimation of serum bilirubin

Demonstrate estimation of urea

Demonstrate estimation of Total protein

## • TEACHING LEARNING METHODS

Competency	Demo	Lecture /Small group discussion	DOAP	Certifiable competency
BI 1.1 Cell organisation		V		
BI 2.2-2.7 Enzymes		V		
B1 3.1-3.10 Carbohydrate chemistry and metabolism		V		
BI 4.1-4.7 Lipid chemistry and metabolism		~		
BI 5.1-5.7 Protein chemistry and metabolism		V		
BI 6.1 Integration of metabolism		~		
BI 6.2-6.4 Nucleotide metabolism		V		
BI 6.7-6.8 Ph and ABG		~		
BI 6.9-6.10 Mineral Metabolism		V		
Bł 6.11-6.12 Haemoglobin		V		
BI 6.13-6.15 Organ function test		V		
BI 7.1-7.4 DNA transcription, translation and recombinant DNA		V		
BI 7.5 XENOBIOTICS		~		
BI 7.6-7.7 Free Radical		~		
BI 8.1-8.5 Diet and nutrition Obesity/CAD/DM		~		
BI 9.1-9.2 Extracellular Matrix		~		



BI 9.3 Protein targeting	V	
BI 10.1-10.2 Cancer and cancer marker	V	
BI 10.3-10.5 Immunology	V	•

COMPETENCIES	DEMO	LECTURE/ SG D	DOAP	CERTIFIABLE COMPETENCIES
BI 11.1 Laboratory apparatus and good laboratory practices	V	~		
BI 11.2 Ph determination	V	~	~	
BI 11.3,11.4 Urine Examination	V	~	V	V
BI 11.5 Paper Chromatography		V		
BI 11.6 Colorimetry	V	V	~	
BI 11.7 Creatinine estimation/clearence	V	V	~	
BI 11.8 Serum protein/albumin	V	~	~	V
BI 11.9 Total cholesterol/HDL		~		
BI 11.10 Triglycerides		~		
Bł 11.11 Calcium and phosphorus		~		
Bl 11.12 Serum Bilirubin	~	~	V	
BI 11.13 SGOT/SGPT Demo	V	~		
BI 11.14 Alkaline Phosphtase	~	~		,
BI 11.15 CSF Compostion		~		
BI 11.16 Equipment and technique Ph,PAGE,electrophoresis,ISE ABG analyser, ELISA, Immunodiffusion, autoana lyser Quality control,DNA isolation.	V	V		
BI 11.17 Biochemical test for diabetes, dyslipidemia, Myocardial infarction, renal failure, proteinuria, nephroticsyndrome, edema, jaundice, liver disease and acid base balance disorder and thyroid disorder.	V	~		
BI 11.18 Principles of spectrophotometry	V	~		
BI 11.19 Basic principles of functioning of biochemistry instrument		~		
BI 11.20 Correlation of abnormal urine findings with pathological condition	~	~	~	V
BI 11.21 Demonstration of estimation of glucose, creainine,urea, and total protein	V	~	V	~
BI 11.22 A:G ratio and creatinine clearance	V	V	~	V



calculation		
BI 11.23 Calculate energy content of different food items	V	
BI 11.24 Advantage /disadvantage of MUFA,PUFA	<b>V</b>	

### ASSESSMENT:

Formative Assessment

- One assessment per month.

Internal Assessment

- 40 % Marks separately in theory and practical (To be able to appear in the 1st

professional Exam)

- Minimum 50% in theory and practical combined for declaration of final result by

university.

Summative exam

- Theory, Practical & Viva Voce pattern with distribution of marks is as follows

	Theory	Practical and viva
lst Term	Total marks= 100 One paper (20% MCQs) i.e. 80 Marks theory paper and 20 marks for MCQs)	Total marks= 100 (80 marks practical and 20 marks grand viva (from theory)
IInd Term	Total MARKS=100 One paper (20% MCQs) i.e 80 Marks theory paper and 20 marks for MCQs)	Total marks= 100 (80 marks practical and 20 marks grand viva (from theory)
Sent up	Total MARKS=200 Two paper (20% MCQs) i.e 80 Marks theory paper and 20 marks for MCQs) for each	Total marks= 100 (80 marks practical and 20 marks grand viva (from theory)
Professional exam	Total MARKS=200 Two paper (20% MCQs) i.e. 80 Marks theory paper and 20 marks for MCQs) for each	Total marks= 100 (80 marks practical and 20 marks grand viva (from theory)



MCQs (20 marks per theory paper): Mandatory, all five types of MCQs covering all broad areas of biochemistry (60% applied and 40% recall). No negative marking and time allotted: 30 minutes.

Theory paper (100 marks for each, wherever applicable), all questions must be structured. At least 80% questions should be from the must know area. The distribution will be as follows:

• Section A (20 marks) will be MCQs (as mentioned above),

12 single response - 01 mark each
2 reason assertion - 02 marks each
1 Matching - 04 marks each

- Section B (40 marks): Clinical case based long structured question (10 marks), structured, short notes (2.5x4=10 marks), Explain Why (10 marks) and compare and contrast (10 marks)
- Section C: Clinical case based long structured question (10 marks), structured short notes (10 marks), Explain Why (10 marks) and compare and contrast (10 marks) Practicals: 80 marks practical and 20 marks grand viva (from theory). The competencies that need to be certified will be covered by OSPEs. At least 80% questions should be from the must know area. The distribution will be as follows:
- OSPEs (40 marks)
- Section B (40 marks): Serum analysis (20 marks for professional exam, for the rest of the examinations as mentioned above 15 marks and 5 marks will be for the practical file), urine analysis (10 marks), and Bench viva (10 marks).

